

解答

2 次の計算をなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2)\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3)\sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4)\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5-2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1}\sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2}-6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4)2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2)72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3)a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4)x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1)(x+3)(y+4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2)(x-4)(x+7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3)(5a+2b)(5a-2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4)(2y-3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5)(x-y)(x-y+5) = (x-y)^2 + 5(x-y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2)\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3)\sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4)\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5-2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1}\sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2}-6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4)2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2)72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3)a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4)x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1)(x+3)(y+4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2)(x-4)(x+7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3)(5a+2b)(5a-2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4)(2y-3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5)(x-y)(x-y+5) = (x-y)^2 + 5(x-y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2)\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3)\sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4)\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5-2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1}\sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2}-6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4)2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2)72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3)a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4)x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1)(x+3)(y+4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2)(x-4)(x+7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3)(5a+2b)(5a-2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4)(2y-3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5)(x-y)(x-y+5) = (x-y)^2 + 5(x-y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2)\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3)\sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4)\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5-2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1}\sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2}-6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4)2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2)72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3)a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4)x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1)(x+3)(y+4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2)(x-4)(x+7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3)(5a+2b)(5a-2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4)(2y-3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5)(x-y)(x-y+5) = (x-y)^2 + 5(x-y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2)\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3)\sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4)\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5-2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1}\sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2}-6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4)2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2)72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3)a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4)x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1)(x+3)(y+4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2)(x-4)(x+7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3)(5a+2b)(5a-2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4)(2y-3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5)(x-y)(x-y+5) = (x-y)^2 + 5(x-y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2)\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3)\sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4)\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5-2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1}\sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2}-6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4)2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2)72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3)a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4)x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1)(x+3)(y+4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2)(x-4)(x+7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3)(5a+2b)(5a-2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4)(2y-3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5)(x-y)(x-y+5) = (x-y)^2 + 5(x-y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2)\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3)\sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4)\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5-2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1}\sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2}-6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4)2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2)72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3)a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4)x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1)(x+3)(y+4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2)(x-4)(x+7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3)(5a+2b)(5a-2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4)(2y-3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5)(x-y)(x-y+5) = (x-y)^2 + 5(x-y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2)\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3)\sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4)\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5-2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1}\sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2}-6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4)2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1)(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2)72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3)a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4)x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1)(x+3)(y+4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2)(x-4)(x+7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3)(5a+2b)(5a-2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4)(2y-3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5)(x-y)(x-y+5) = (x-y)^2 + 5(x-y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$

解答

2 次の計算をしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$(2) \sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} \div \sqrt{3} = 3\sqrt{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3} - 2$$

$$(3) \sqrt{45} - 3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} + \sqrt{80} = 3\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$(4) \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{27}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{9} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = \frac{12\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6} + 9\sqrt{6}}{18} = \frac{19\sqrt{6}}{18}$$

3 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{45} = \sqrt{9 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{5} = 3 \times 2.236 = 6.708$$

(2)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12}{5\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{15} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{5 - 2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(3)

$$\textcircled{1} \sqrt{10} < \sqrt{11}$$

$$\textcircled{2} -6 < -\sqrt{30} < -5$$

$$(4) 2.4 < \sqrt{a} < 3.5 \quad 5.76 < a < 12.25 \quad \boxed{6,7,8,9,10,11,12}$$

4 次の問いに答えなさい。

$$(1) (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 + 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) = 3 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})^2 = 3 - (2 + 5 - 2\sqrt{10}) = -4 + 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$(-4 - 2\sqrt{10})(-4 + 2\sqrt{10}) = 16 - 40 = -24$$

$$(2) 72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

$\sqrt{72a}$ が自然数になるには 2をもう 1つ必要なので  $\boxed{a=2}$

$$(3) a = \sqrt{7} - 2$$

$$a^2 = (\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 = 7 - 4\sqrt{7} + 4 = 11 - 4\sqrt{7}$$

$$(4) x = \sqrt{5} + 1$$

$$x^2 = (\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 = 5 + 2\sqrt{5} + 1 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = (6 + 2\sqrt{5}) - 2(\sqrt{5} + 1) - 4 = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} - 2 - 4 = 0$$

5 次の式を展開しなさい。

$$(1) (x + 3)(y + 4) = xy + 4x + 3y + 12$$

$$(2) (x - 4)(x + 7) = x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 = x^2 + 3x - 28$$

$$(3) (5a + 2b)(5a - 2b) = (5a)^2 - (2b)^2 = 25a^2 - 4b^2$$

$$(4) (2y - 3)^2 = (2y)^2 - 2 \cdot 2y \cdot 3 + 3^2 = 4y^2 - 12y + 9$$

$$(5) (x - y)(x - y + 5) = (x - y)^2 + 5(x - y) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 + 5x - 5y$$